# Influenza Surveillance Report

Division of Epidemiology - Disease Surveillance and Investigation

District of Columbia Department of Health

# 2017-2018 Influenza Season Week 40 (October 1, 2017 – October 7, 2017)

(All data are preliminary and may change as more reports are received)

### **SUMMARY**

- 4 cases of Influenza were reported by hospitals during this reporting period
- Zero pediatric deaths were reported during this period
- For the 2017-2018 Influenza Season to-date, 4 positive Influenza cases have been reported
- DC PHL did not report any specimens tested for week 40
- Flu activity at the start of this season remains low and steady coming in from the off season

#### INFLUENZA SURVEILLANCE FROM HOSPITALS & AMBULATORY CARE FACILITIES

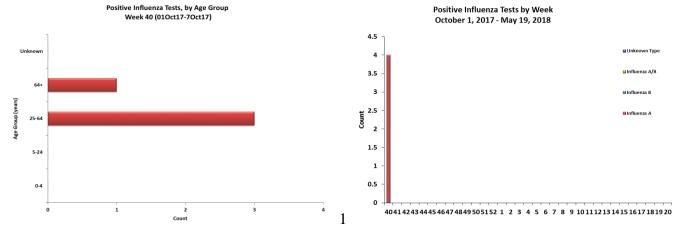
District of Columbia hospitals and laboratories report detailed information on cases of Influenza on a daily basis. However, in accordance with CDC guidelines, only Influenza-associated deaths in cases <18 years of age and Novel Influenza A infections are reportable. We also request that Influenza hospitalizations be reported if possible.

The table below summarizes weekly and cumulative cases of Influenza for the 2017-2018 Season. Data are also presented by age group and by number of cases reported weekly. During week 40 (October 1, 2017–October 7, 2017), there were 4 new cases of Influenza reported. To date, the District has received 4 positive Influenza cases reported by hospitals.

## Surveillance of Influenza Cases Reported By Influenza Type

	Week 40 (October 1, 2017–October 7, 2017)		Cumulative Cases for Weeks 40–20 (October 1, 2017–May 19, 2018)	
Influenza A	4	(100.0%)	4	(100.0%)
Influenza B	0	(0.00%)	0	(0.00%)
Influenza A/B	0	(0.00%)	0	(0.00%)
Influenza (not typed)	0	(0.00%)	0	(0.00%)
Total	4*	(100%)	0*	(100.00%)

 $<sup>*</sup> Includes \ results \ from \ Rapid \ Diagnostic \ Testing, \ Viral \ Culture, \ RT-PCR, \ Serology, \ and \ Immunofluorescence.$ 



#### RAPID DIAGNOSTIC TESTING

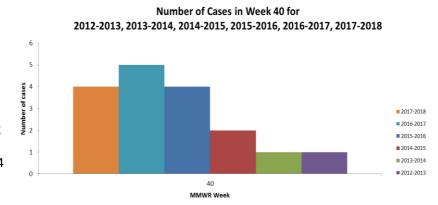
Rapid Diagnostic Tests are screening tests used to detect the Influenza virus in a short period of time. While initially less accurate than PCR and viral culture, rapid diagnostics are more accurate as the Influenza season progresses. During week 40, 81 out of a total of 230 tests were performed using rapid diagnostic testing in clinical laboratories. Of these, 4 (4.94%) positive Influenza specimens were identified using rapid diagnostics.

Week: 40 (Oct 1, 2017 – Oct 7, 2017)				
No. of specimens tested Rapid Diagnostics	81			
No. of positive specimens (%)	4 (4.94%)			
Positive specimens by type/subtype				
Influenza A	4 (100.0%)			
Influenza B	0 (0%)			
Influenza A/B	0 (0%)			
Influenza – unknown type	0 (0%)			

#### **WEEK 40 COMPARISON WITH PREVIOUS SEASONS**

For week 40, there were 4 cases in the current 2017-2018 season, 5 cases in last year's 2016-2017 season, 4 cases in the 2015-2016 season, 2 cases in the 2014-2015 season, 1 in the 2013-2014 season, and 1 in the 2012-2013 season.

Cumulatively, there are a total of 4 cases in the district up to week 40 for the current season, 5 during the 2016-2017 season, 4 during the 2015-2016 season, 2 in the 2014-2015 season, 1 in the 2013-2014 season, and 1 in the 2012-2013 season.



#### INFLUENZA-LIKE ILLNESS (ILI) SURVEILLANCE

Sentinel surveillance for ILI consists of three outpatient reporting sites for the District of Columbia. The sentinel surveillance sites report the total number of ILI cases encountered per week and the total number of patients seen at the clinic during that same week. For this system, ILI is defined as the existence of fever (temperature of 100°F [37.8°C] or greater) and a cough and/or a sore throat in the absence of a known cause other than Influenza.

For week 40, sentinel providers reported 284 out of 14817 visits (1.92%) that met the criteria for ILI.

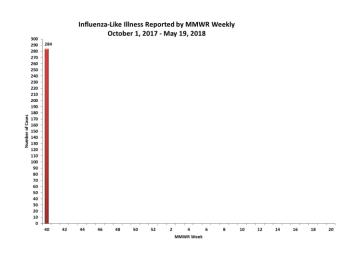
# Sentinel Surveillance ILI Activity for Washington. DC

Week of	Activity *			
Oct 1 – Oct 7	Sporadic			

\*No Activity – overall clinical activity remains low and there are no lab confirmed Influenza cases;

**Sporadic** – isolated lab confirmed Influenza cases reported and ILI activity is not increased:

**Local** – increased ILI activity and recent lab confirmed Influenza cases. As the District of Columbia is not a state, this is the highest level of ILI activity it can report.



### INFLUENZA TESTING BY THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA PUBLIC HEALTH LABORATORY (DC PHL)

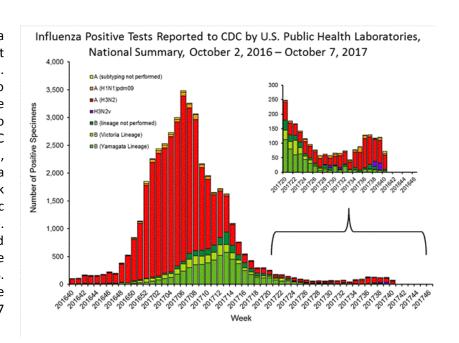
The DC PHL subtypes human isolates to monitor the circulating strains of Influenza. The isolates are submitted to the DC PHL by hospitals and commercial laboratories. DC PHL did not report any specimens tested for week 40.

DC PHL Surveillance of Influenza Cases Reported By Influenza Subtype

DC PHL Influenza Testing	Oct 1, 2017 – Oct 7, 2017	Total Cases October 1, 2017 – May 19, 2018
Number of specimens tested	0	0
<ul> <li>Number of specimens positive for Influenza:</li> </ul>	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
<ul><li>Influenza A</li></ul>	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
■ H1 2009 H1N1	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
<ul><li>H1 seasonal</li></ul>	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
■ H3	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
<ul><li>Influenza B</li></ul>	0 (0%)	0 (0%)

#### NATIONAL INFLUENZA ASSESSMENT

The CDC's weekly seasonal Influenza surveillance report for week 40 noted that influenza activity was low in the United States. The proportion of deaths attributed to pneumonia and influenza (P&I) was below the system-specific epidemic threshold. pediatric deaths were reported to the CDC during week 40. For the 2017-2018 season, no pediatric deaths associated with Influenza have been reported in the US. During week 40, 407 specimens were tested by public health laboratories, of which 72 were positive. Of the 72 respiratory specimens that tested positive during week 40, 62 (86.1%) were Influenza A and 10 (13.9%) were Influenza B. Of the Influenza A samples, 6 (9.7%) were 2009 H1N1, 49 (79.0%) were H3, and 7 (11.3%) were un-typed.



# Get Vaccinated!

To find an Influenza vaccine provider, visit the District of Columbia Immunization Resource Center at  $\frac{http://doh.dc.gov/node/190532}{http://doh.dc.gov/node/190532}$ 



For additional information about Influenza and Influenza activity in the United States, please visit: <a href="http://www.cdc.gov/flu/index.htm">http://www.cdc.gov/flu/index.htm</a>. Questions about Influenza in the District of Columbia or this report should be directed to the Division of Epidemiology - Disease Surveillance and Investigation at (202) 442-9150 or email <a href="https://www.cdc.gov/leaf-action/le